<u>Higham Lane School –</u> <u>Maths Department</u>



Y6-Y7 Transition Work

This booklet contains a number of different Maths activities for you to have a go at.

Working through them will help make sure that you are prepared to join our Maths department in September.

We look forward to seeing you!

<u>Activities in this Booklet</u> <u>Activity 1 – Different Types of Numbers</u>

Practise your number skills and ensure you can recognise some key types of number.

Activity 2 – Times Table Challenge

Practise your times tables ready for a challenge when you start at Higham Lane School in September

<u>Activity 3 – Calculator Crossnumber 1</u>

When you start Maths in Year 7 you will need a scientific calculator. Practise using yours with this crossnumber.

<u>Activity 4 – Calculator Crossnumber 2</u>

Practise using your calculator a bit more with these harder questions.

<u>Activity 5 – Knowledge Organiser</u>

Learn these key facts ready to use them in September.

Activity 6 – Secondary Ready

Sign up for a free online learning platform and practise the key skills to ensure that you are ready for secondary school Maths.

Higham Lane School Maths Department -Different Types of Numbers

Which different types of numbers do you know?

- List the first 15 square numbers.
- List the first 5 **cube** numbers.
- List the first 5 **triangle** numbers.
- List the first 10 prime numbers.

Questions

- I am thinking of a number. It is a square number and a cube number.
 What is my number?
- 2) I am thinking of a number. It is 3 greater than a square number, 1 greater than a cube number and 1 less than a prime number.What is my number?
- 3) Can you think of a square number between 700 and 750?

Gold Challenge

- A "perfect" number is where the sum of its factors (not including the number itself) add up to make the number.
 e.g. The factors of 6 are 1, 2, 3 and 6. 1 + 2 + 3 = 6. 6 is a perfect number.
 Can you find any perfect numbers?
- 2) I am thinking of a number. It is 35 greater than a cube number. It is 29 less than a square number. The sum of its digits is 16. It is a prime number.What is my number?
- 3) To find out if a number is happy or not, you should square the digits and add them up, and then repeat if necessary. If you get 1 you have found a happy number.
 e.g. Consider 19: 1² + 9² = 82, 8² + 2² = 68. 6² + 8² = 100, 1² + 0² + 0² = 1, 19 is a happy number!
 How many happy numbers can you find?
 Make a poster about happy numbers.

Higham Lane Maths Department - Times Tables Challenge

Use the grids below to practise your times tables ready for the times tables challenge that we will be running when you are here in the Autumn Term.

X	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
1												
2												
3												
4												
5												
6												
7												
8												
9												
10												
11												
12												

Х	5	4	12	1	11	3	6	10	2	9	7	8
1												
2												
3												
4												
5												
6												
7												
8												
9												
10												
11												
12												

Х	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
4												
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8												
7												
10												
5												
12												

Х	5	4	12	1	11	3	6	10	2	9	7	8
4												
11												
3												
1												
9												
6												
2												
8												
7												
10												
5												
12												

Acro	DSS	Dow	'n
1	26 × 34 – 19 =	1	458 + 5 × 77 =
4	$(3 \times 4)^2 = \dots$	2	42 × 13 =
6	417 × (29 + 87) =	3	3.65 × 20 =
7	(1 + 5) × 61 =	4	5 ³ =
9	1310 × 0.4 =	5	$26 \div \frac{1}{19} = \dots$
11	$\frac{11\times12\times13}{1\times2\times3} = \dots$	8	506 ÷ 80 =
13	$\frac{274+58}{4} = \dots$	10	3.96 ÷ 1.6 =
14	$3 \times 4^2 = \dots$	11	$\sqrt{6\frac{1}{4}}$ =
15	8 ³ =	12	$3\frac{1}{2} + 2\frac{7}{10} = \dots$
16	√207936 =	16	$11^2 \times 4 = \dots$
18	$706 \times \frac{1}{2} = \dots$	17	$\frac{618+616}{618-616} = \dots$
20	417 × 29 + 87=	18	1 + 5 × 61 =
22	$1\frac{9}{10} + 2\frac{4}{5} = \dots$	19	26 × (34 – 19) =
23	4.8 ÷ 0.8 =	21	$\frac{5}{8} \times 16 = \dots$

Use your calculator to answer these questions:

Now write your answers on the grid below.

If an answer doesn't fit then you've made a mistake... Oops! Can you correct it?

1		2		3		4		5
		6						
7	8					9	10	
	•		11		12		•	
13			•		•		14	
			15					
16		17				18		19
		20		21				
22	•					23	•	

Use your calculator to answer these questions:

Down

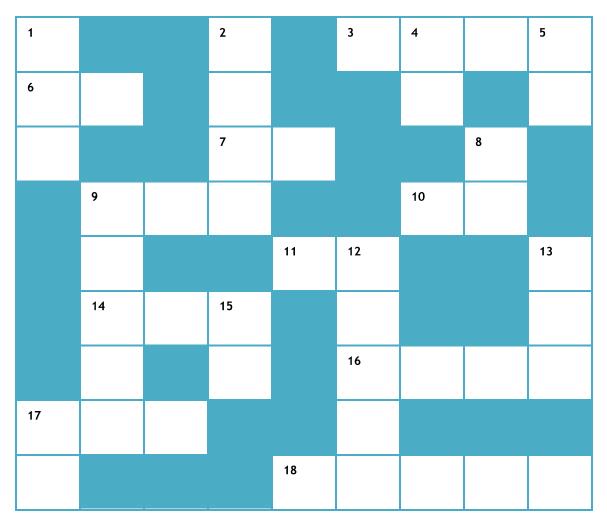
1	1 x 2 x 3 x 4 x 5 =
•	
2	$5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 = \dots$
4	1 x (2 + 3) x (4 + 5) =
5	5 x 5 + 5 + 5 x 5 =
8	9 + 8 + 7 + 6 + 5 =
9	9 x 8 x 7 x 6 x 5 =
12	(1000 + 100) x (10 + 1) =
13	1000 - 100 - 10 - 1 =
15	9 + (8 x 7) + (6 x 5) =
17	1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 =

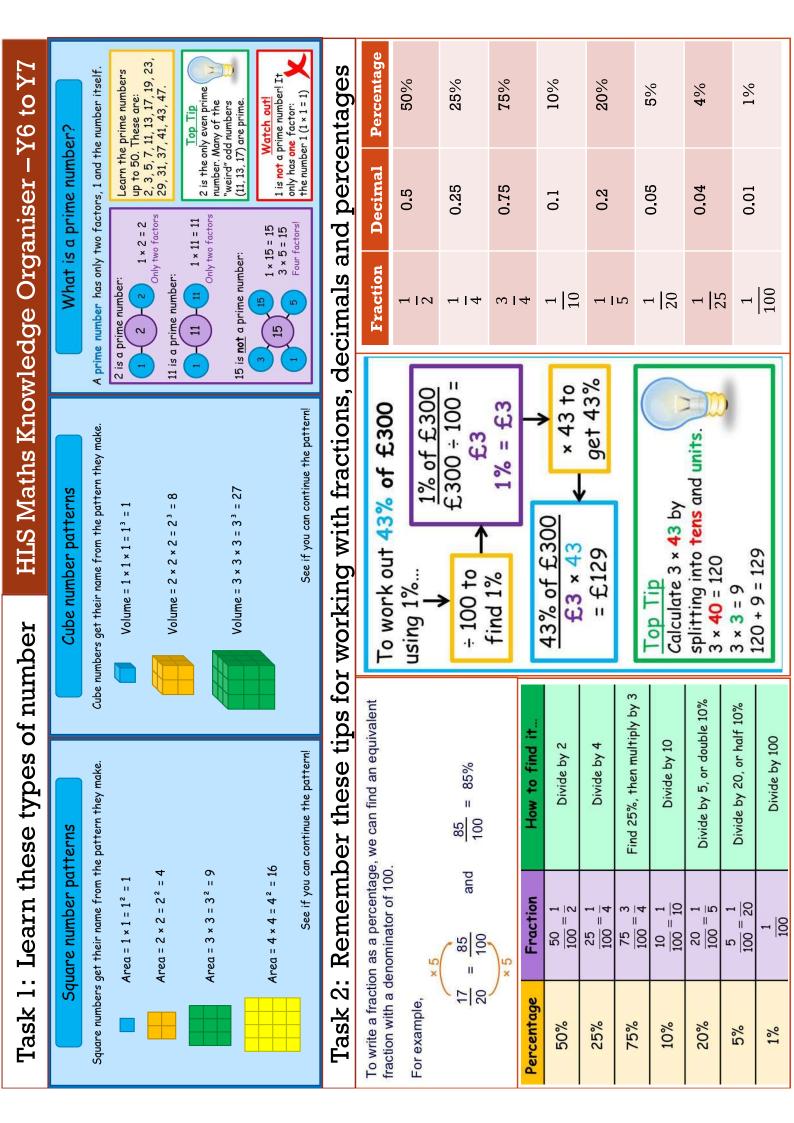
Across

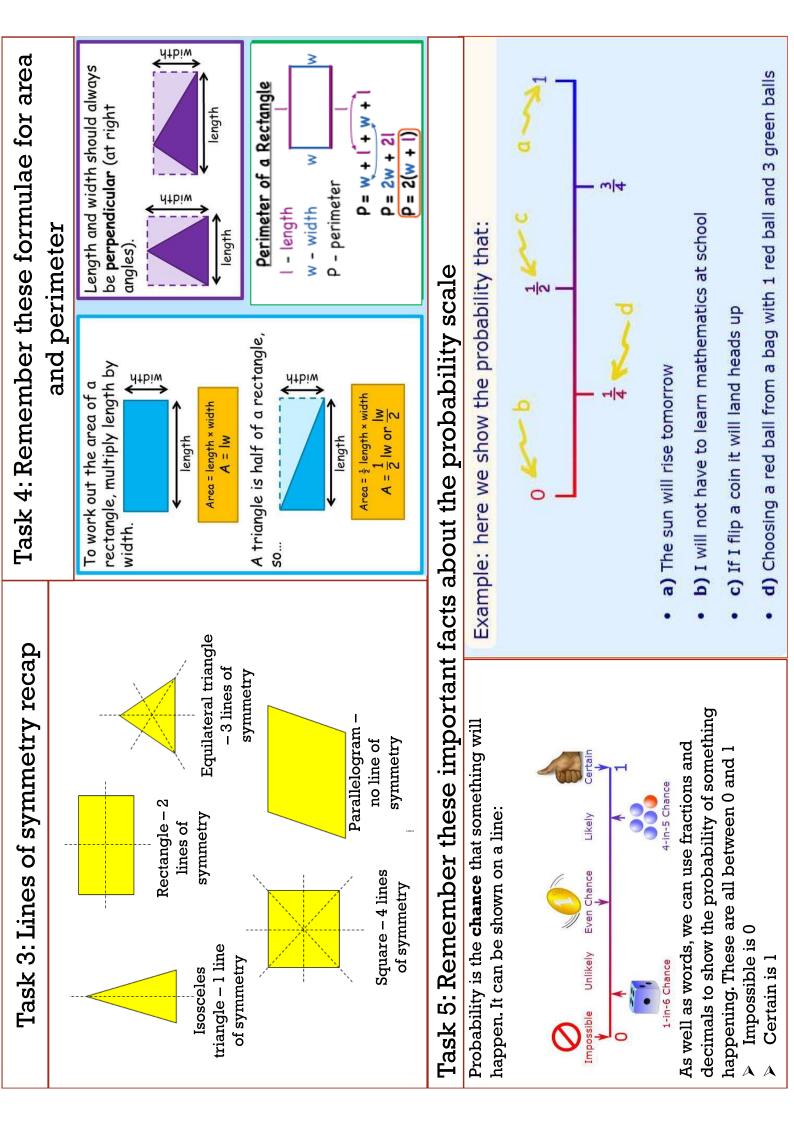
3	9 x (8 + 7) x (6 + 5) =
6	1 + (2 x 3) + (4 x 5) =
7	(1000 ÷ 100) + (10 ÷ 1) =
9	5 + 5 x 5 x 5 + 5 =
10	(1 x 2) + 3 + (4 x 5) =
11	(1 + 2) x 3 x (4 + 5) =
14	(9 x 8) + 7 + (6 x 5) =
16	(9 + 8) x 7 x (6 + 5) =
17	(1000 + 100) ÷ (10 + 1) =
18	1000 x 100 ÷ 10 x 1 =

Now write your answers on the grid below.

If an answer doesn't fit then you've made a mistake... Oops! Can you correct it?







Numerise – Let's Get Secondary Ready

Secondary Ready is a free course within Numerise that is designed to prepare Year 6 learners for starting Year 7 in September.

Being up-to-speed in maths when starting secondary school is really important.

Things like core number skills are really vital to make sure that when you start moving on to more challenging concepts, you have a solid foundation with no gaps in your knowledge.

Every question is carefully chosen to suit your maths level and there are thousands of help videos if you get stuck.



Sparx Maths have made this course completely FREE until September 2020.

You can access all this material at home so sign up at <u>https://www.numerise.com/secondary-ready/</u> and make sure that you are secondary ready.